

Marine Operations Thevenard Port Rules

Safety & Health Above All Else

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1. Port Rules

1.1 Purpose

Port Rules are intended to inform commercial users of the port of their responsibilities for the safe navigation of vessels within that port. These rules are a summary and are to be used as a guide only of the legislative/contractual agreements.

1.2 Scope

The port is operated in accordance with all laws in force in South Australia and any applicable Commonwealth or International laws, including but not limited to:

- Navigation Act 1912
- Harbors and Navigation Act 1993.
- Environment Protection Act 1993.
- Maritime Services (Access) Act 2000.
- Customs Act 1901.
- Quarantine Act 1908.
- Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare Act 1986.
- Protection of Marine Waters (Prevention of Pollution from Ships) Act 1987.
- South Australian Ports (Bulk Handling Facilities) Act 1996.
- South Australian Ports (Disposal of Maritime Assets) Act 2000.
- Recreational Access Agreement to Commercial Wharves Agreement.

1.3 Authority

Port Management Officers (appointed under Section 29 of the Harbors and Navigation Act 1993) will manage the port waters in accordance with the Act.

Port Management Officers are issued with a photographic identity card which lists the conditions of appointment.

Port Management Officers are responsible for directing and controlling vessel movements in port waters for the purpose of safe navigation of vessels.

This will include the:

- movement of vessels into, within and out of port waters;
- loading and unloading of vessels; and
- mooring, anchoring and securing of vessels within port waters.

Flinders Ports will ensure that adequate pilotage; mooring and towing services are available to fulfil the above requirements.

1.4 Powers of Port Management Officers (PMO)

A Port Management Officer may give a direction (orally, by signal, radio communication, or in any other appropriate manner) to a person in charge, or apparently in charge, of a vessel in or in the vicinity of the port. Failure to comply with a direction given by the PMO is an offence under the Act.



A direction may, for example:

- require that vessels proceed to load or unload in a particular order; or
- require that a vessel be moored or anchored in a particular position; or
- require that a vessel be secured in a particular way; or
- require that a vessel be moved from a particular area or position; or
- require the production of documents relating to the navigation, operation, pilotage, use or unloading of the vessel.
- if a person is not on board a vessel to receive a direction the PMO may cause the vessel to be moved and any costs recoverable from the owner.

A person in charge of a vessel must permit a Port Management Officer to:

- board the vessel; and
- inspect the vessel and its cargo; and
- carry out on the vessel any investigation necessary to ensure that the vessel and the business in the course of which the vessel is being used is being operated lawfully.

The appointment as a Port Management Officer confers upon the authorised persons all the powers of the following regulations, but only within the confines of the port nominated and only whilst under the management of Flinders Ports Pty Ltd. Further detail on the content of the regulations can be found on www.transport.sa.gov.au/legislation.

Regulations:

- Obstructions on wharves 15
- Obstruction of landing places 16
- Use of rail trolley 32
- Directions relating to dangerous or objectionable cargo 34
- Damage caused by cargo 35
- Traffic and other directions 49
- Removal of vehicles 51
- Permits 53
- Smoking and use of combustion equipment in hold 203

The following have been delegated to the Port Management Officers by the powers of the CEO (as referred to in the Harbors and Navigation Act 1993 - "the Act") contained in the Regulations and any directly associated Regulation, stated below:

- Obstructions on wharves 16(1)
- Obstruction of landing places 17(1)
- Unauthorised activity on wharf 18
- Use of rail trolley 19(1)
- Abandoned cargo 24
- Unauthorised entry to wharf or contiguous land 25
- Watch officers in harbors 26
- Mooring lines in harbors 30(3)
- Restrictions in certain harbors 31(1)
- Mooring and unmooring of vessels in certain harbors 32(1)
- Swimming in harbors 33



- Traffic signs 34(1) and 34(2a)
- Parking signs and markings 36(1)
- Permits (parking) 38A(1) and 38A(2)

1.5 Pilotage Constraints

1.5.1 Thevenard Pilotage Constraints

A vessel 35m or more in length must not be navigated within Thevenard, unless the:

- the master of the vessel holds a pilotage exemption certificate issued by DIT for Thevenard.
 - a. Pilots can only be arranged through the vessel's owner/agent.
- 2. the vessel is navigated under the control, or at the direction of, a licensed pilot (a pilot licensed by DPTI DIT for pilotage of vessels within Thevenard).
- 3. Unless expressly directed by a licensed pilot, boarding of vessels by the pilot will occur at the pilot boarding ground located 1nm SW of the entrance beacon.

Prior to the vessel entering the port boundary and the vessel being under pilotage;

- 1. The licensed pilot must be onboard the vessel, and
- 2. The pilot and master exchange must occur to the satisfaction of the licensed pilot. A "First Arrived First Serviced" policy is adopted for all non tidal vessels. The policy is enforced by the vessel that drops its anchor in the anchorage first is considered to the "First Arrived Vessel" irrespective of the size of the vessel or its access rights at night.

Note: A direction given for safety purposes must not be mistaken or construed as an "act of pilotage."

1.5.2 Pilot Passage Plan

On boarding a vessel, the pilot will discuss a passage plan with the Ships Master, review the ship's pilot card and exchange the normal pilot/master information, once satisfied the pilot will then commence the pilotage passage (inward/outward).

Please contact Flinders Ports for a copy of the Pilot Passage Plan.

1.6 Geographic Limits

1.6.1 Thevenard Port Operating Limits

The subjacent land underlying, and adjacent land extending from, the waters, rivers, creeks and inlets to high water mark of Denial Bay, Murat Bay and Bosanquet Bay bounded as follows:

Commencing at a point at the intersection of high water mark and the production southwesterly of the northern western boundary of Section 212 Hundred of Bonython; then generally southerly along high water mark to the south western corner of Section 275 Hundred of Bonython; then generally west south-westerly along a line joining No 25 starboard beacon to the intersection point a line 250 metres from and parallel to the starboard side of the maintained channel; then bythat line bearing 166°34'T for 2 nautical miles; then by a line bearing 264°30'T for 2.4 nautical miles; then by a line bearing 220°T to its intersection with the south-western boundary of the harbour of Thevenard; then generally



north-westerly along the harbour boundary to a point 2 nautical miles due south of Cape Beaufort; then by a line bearing 57°T to the intersection with a line bearing 46°T from the Entrance beacon (white sector light); then generally easterly by a line joining No 20 port beacon to the intersection point of a line 250 metres from and parallel to the port side of the maintained channel; then by a series of lines 250 metres from and parallel to the port side of the maintained channel to the intersection point with a line bearing 316°T from Cape Vivonne (white sector light); then by that line bearing 316°T for 1.9 nautical miles; then by a line bearing true north to the intersection point on a line joining Denial Bay jetty and Ceduna jetty; then along the said line generally east south-easterly to the intersection point of a line to the point of commencement; then generally southerly along that line to the point of commencement.

1.7 Communications

1.7.1 Radio and Port Communications

1.7.1.1 VHF Marine Channel Frequencies for Port Operations

VHF FREQUENCY	PURPOSE	NOTES
Channel 16	Calling - Distress & Safety	Channel 67 for Distress & Safety
Channel 12 Vessels should	Ship/Shore/Ship Operations	Transit advices/messages and
monitor VHF at all times in Port		information. Also Intership
Limits for information		traffic
Channel 6 or 8	Tug operations	Primary channel - 6
Channel 13	Flinders Ports communications	To keep primary channels clear
	and Emergency	
	Exercise/Response	

All radio communications within the port will be conducted in standard marine navigation vocabulary as specified in the "Radio Telephone Ship Station Operators Handbook" (available from the Australian Communications Authority). Communication must be preceded by the identification of the channel the operator is using

1.8 Coordination of Marine Services

Scheduling of vessel traffic is provided by the VTS Centre (Central & Regional) at all times.

1.9 Port Restrictions

1.9.1 Vessel Dimensions & Restrictions (Max)

1.9.1.1 Thevenard Maximum Vessel Dimensions & Restrictions



THEVENARD	Navigation and berthing for vessels within port limitations day and night. Oversize vessels daylight navigation only, but may be shifted fromthe Inner Anchorage to the berth at night. Night departure of oversize vessels will be at the discretion of the General Manager	180m length
	Marine Operations, in conjunction with the pilot on duty.	28m beam
	Vessels with a beam between 28 and 29 metres and a LOA of less than 180m will be allowed to berth at night after a risk assessment is carried out by the pilot in conjunction with the chief pilotand / or GMMO.	

Oversize dimensions up to 185m LOA X 32.3m beam, with relevant conditions to apply andprovided that the stevedore can safely manage the vessel.

1.9.2 General rules for vessels in excess of port limitations

Oversize vessels are at the discretion of the GMMO (in conjunction with the duty pilot) and may be restricted to high water, daylight only, additional tugs, minimum cross currents, maximumwind speed of 15 knots, or any other restriction which may be prudent for the particular vessel. Vessels outside of the above parameters would be considered after simulations are carried out ina full mission ship simulator.

1.9.3 Tugs Required

In the absence of alternative arrangements being approved by Flinders Ports, the following requirements are applicable.

A bow thruster will be considered in lieu of a tug provided its power is sufficient for the vessel's size and wind speed is less than 15 knots. Bow thruster power is calculated by the following:

1 HP = 0.746 KW

100 HP = 1 Tonne Bollard Pull

If a vessel has a bow thruster and visits a Flinders Ports port for the first time, the pilot will use appropriate tugs and assess the strength of the bow thruster.

5.1	Tugs Required - Thevenard	
	Arrivals - Day	
	LOA < 120m	1 tug (winds < 15 knots)
	LOA > 120m	2 tugs*
	Arrivals – Night	
	All vessels**	2 tugs*
	Departures – Day	
	All vessels (head out)	1 tug (winds < 15 knots)
	All vessels (head in)	2 tugs
	Departures – Night	
	Normal size vessels	As for day criteria
	Oversize vessels (head in or head out)	2 tugs*

1.9.3.1 Tugs Required - Thevenard



*	Vessels fitted with bow thrusters exceeding 1600hp may use only 1 tug in winds < 15
	knots at the pilot's discretion
**	Night berthings of oversize vessels is only permitted from Inner Anchorage
NOTE:	The pilot can request additional towage in situations where the vessel is assessed as
	being one that requires additional tugs

1.9.4 Under Keel Clearance (UKC)

1.9.4.1 Thevenard

All vessels 0.3m whilst at berth and minimum 0.9m or 10% of vessel draft (whichever is the greater) whilst navigating the channel.

Oversize vessels not to exceed a maximum draft of 9.0m if alongside the North berth and 9.3m if alongside the South berth.

Arrival drafts should not exceed 6.0m and in instances where this is not achievable, consultation with the allocated pilot should take place prior to confirming the movement.

Maximum allowable draft at the Inner Anchorage is 6.0m.

1.9.4.2 CSL Vessels

The below rules apply to DUKC for CSL vessels in Thevenard.

- DUKC is applicable for all CSL vessels
- If the DUKC program is unavailable, then revert to static rules
- Cargo operations to conclude during the approaching high tide to which the vessel is scheduled to sail
- Departures always scheduled to be 1 hour prior to high water
- Once a sailing plan has been created within the DUKC program, drafts can be updated to agree with the DUKC (Static) value returned
- If DUKC values for oversize vessels exceed 9.3m for the South berth and 9.0m for the North berth, then 9.3m and 9.0m are to be applied respectively
- The DUKC Sailing Window shown is the window in which the transit must commence (not the duration of available water, which is already factored into the calculations)
- DUKC reports to be executed 2 hours prior to vessel ETD's (per NCOS disciplines)
- Any departure outside of these events will require a Pilot Variation (Risk Assessment)

1.9.4.3 Tide Information

Height of Tide Required

The following tables determine the minimum tide required to navigate the required section of the channel, based on a vessel's draft and its UKC. These values may then be utilised in conjunction with predicted tide values to determine suitable windows of opportunity to move a vessel within the port as constrained by its required transit times.

Channel depth 8.20m LAT

Draft (m)	Tide Required (m)	Draft (m)	Tide Required (m)
7.30	0.00	8.50	1.20
7.35	0.05	8.55	1.25



7.400.108.601.307.450.158.651.357.500.208.701.407.550.258.751.457.600.308.801.507.650.358.851.557.700.408.901.607.750.458.951.65
7.500.208.701.407.550.258.751.457.600.308.801.507.650.358.851.557.700.408.901.60
7.550.258.751.457.600.308.801.507.650.358.851.557.700.408.901.60
7.600.308.801.507.650.358.851.557.700.408.901.60
7.650.358.851.557.700.408.901.60
7.70 0.40 8.90 1.60
7 75 0 45 8 95 1 65
7.75 0.45 0.55 1.05
7.80 0.50 9.00 1.70
7.85 0.55 9.05 1.76
7.90 0.60 9.10 1.81
7.95 0.65 9.15 1.87
8.00 0.70 9.20 1.92
8.05 0.75 9.25 1.98
8.10 0.80 9.30 2.03
8.15 0.85 9.35 2.09
8.20 0.90 9.40 2.14
8.25 0.95 9.45 2.20
8.30 1.00 9.50 2.25
8.35 1.05 9.55 2.31
8.40 1.10 9.60 2.36
8.45 1.15

1.9.5 Clear River

1.9.5.1 Thevenard

The departing vessel has right of clear channel if in conflict with an arriving vessel.

1.9.6 Launch

1.9.6.1 Thevenard Lines Launch Requirements

Launch used for mooring operations.

1.9.7 Berths

Where applicable, restrictions against a specific berth may exist. Load limits apply to all wharves and jetties. For further information contact Flinders Ports on (08) 8447 0611 or refer to the berth information for Thevenard.

1.9.7.1 Thevenard Berthing Priorities – Applies To All Vessels

- 1. Vessel nominations must be lodged ten days (10) before vessel arrival. If a nomination is lodged with less than ten days notice, vessel may berth and load *provided* that no interruption to berthing or loading occurs to vessels which have lodged nominations giving at least ten days notice of arrival.
- 2. The basic principle of "first come, first serve" will be accepted, taking into account good commercial practices. The arrival point will be considered to be at the Pilot Boarding Ground.
- 3. If a vessel arrives at the Port of Thevenard, but is not ready to commence loading at



available loading berth, then the next vessel to arrive that is ready to commence loading, in all respects, will be permitted to berth and load. Vessels not willing or able to berth and commence loadingat the earliest opportunity after arrival must re-nominate giving ten days notice, *unless*

berthing is restricted due to weather conditions or the GMMO's direction. Such vessels willberth at the next available opportunity.

- 4. If both berths are occupied by vessels and one of those vessels is not ready to commence loading, then, if delays to ship loading will occur, that vessel will be removed from the berth atits own cost, to allow a vessel which is ready to load to berth.
- 5. Vessels requiring survey services prior to commencing loading shall take all reasonable steps toensure such surveys are undertaken at anchorage.
- 6. Grain vessels which do not have a "Loading Permit", or other vessels requiring survey servicesprior to commencing loading, will be allowed to berth as long as survey work is to be commenced immediately after berthing.
 - a. Grain vessels will be given 6 hours to complete their surveys after the vessel is all fast at the berth.
 - b. If a Grain vessel berths in the hours of darkness first and another vessel berths subsequently the maximum time the belt will be kept idle for the benefit of the grain vessel is 6 hours after daylight.
 - c. Vessels will not be considered to be ready to commence loading until all required surveys and inspections have been completed and passed. It is recognised that Thevenard is normally a first port of call for grain vessels and all vessels require surveys prior to loading. It is also understood that Department of Agriculture surveys can only be conducted alongside and requires daylight. Grain vessels with their hatches open are prone to cross contamination and therefore it is important surveys are completed on time to avoid such issues.
- 7. Vessels undergoing survey must have their main engine on immediate stand-by until they havecompleted all survey requirements.
- 8. If the vessel fails survey, there is no other berth available, and a vessel is waiting that is readyin all respects to load, then the failed vessel will be removed from the berth to allow the waiting 'ready' vessel to berth. The grain vessel will be subsequently allowed to berth for surveys and loading under the following conditions:
 - a. Immediately if there are no vessels at berth and a 30 hour window exists for loadingoperations.
 - b. At the end of the queue if there are multiple vessels in line to load up to a max of 7 days.
- 9. Removal cost for vessels at a berth and failing surveys is at that removed vessel's expense.
- 10. A vessel which is on a berth and declines to load weekends, public holidays or maintain a 24 hour continuous loading at a minimum rate, will forfeit the berth to any other vessel awaiting aberth and prepared and ready to load during such times. The removal and subsequent return to the berth, on completion of the loading of the other vessel, will be at the removed vessel's cost.
- 11. Given the tidal windows for the next 24 hour period, vessels must sail on the higher of the two high tides, or earlier if possible, after completion of loading. Vessels restricted to daylight departure must sail on the next daylight high tide after completion of loading
- 12. Any subsequent arrangements between ships' agents may take precedence over these guidelines. Such arrangements must be mutually acceptable and discussed with the GeneralManager, Marine Operations, or his delegated officer.
- 13. The General Manager, Marine Operations, or his delegated officer will be considered the



final arbitrator in any decisions on deciding implementation of these Guidelines, or any instances outside these guidelines. In making a decision, the General Manager, Marine Operations, or hisdelegated officer, will consider such issues as port efficiency, maximizing utilization of the BLP, minimizing delays to shipping, cost reductions and maximizing cargo outputs.

1.9.7.2 Thevenard - Additional Priorities When Heavy Mineral Concentrates (HMC) Is BeingLoaded

- 1. Any person or vessel wishing to use the Thevenard wharf while the loading of HMC cargo is in progress or cleaning of the wharf is undertaken must carry out their own risk assessment first. The decision and responsibility of coming alongside or using the wharf will be on the individual or the vessel concerned.
- 2. Irrespective of any risk assessments a vessel wishing to load or unload food grade products will NOT be permitted to berth while HMC cargo operations or cleaning of the wharf after HMC cargo is being undertaken.
- 3. The Master of a vessel berthing or berthed at the Thevenard Wharf whilst Heavy Mineral Concentrates is being loaded will be responsible for the clean up of his own vessel.
- 4. For safety reasons, the Ship Loader will stop loading 30 minutes prior to another vessel berthing or unberthing and the Ship Loader Operator will leave the Loader and Gantry.
- 5. The pavement of the Thevenard Wharf is to be swept prior to the Flinders Ports Mooring Crew being deployed for berthing or unberthing operations.
- 6. Vehicle access to the Thevenard Wharf during Heavy Mineral Concentrates loading will be restricted to vehicles involved in the loading of the HMC cargo or mooring operation vehicles. Other vehicles may be given permission to access the wharf in exceptional circumstances providing decontamination procedures are adopted as directed by the Port Management Officer.
- 7. Any person wishing to gain access to the Thevenard Wharf whilst Heavy Mineral Concentrates is being loaded must have completed and read the education material (published by Illuka) with respect to the Heavy Mineral Sands Operations.
- 8. Any person leaving the wharf must clean their shoes and dust their clothes prior to leaving the wharf.
- 9. Any stores that are to be loaded onto a ship must be loaded prior to a HMC cargooperation commencing or on completion of the operation.

1.10 Fleeting Requests

Masters and Agents must obtain permission from Flinders Ports before any repositioning of vessels by fleeting or warping occurs. Permission should be requested from the on watch Vessel Traffic Services Officer.

1.11 Vessel Navigation

1.11.1 Navigation

International Rules for the Prevention of Collisions at Sea Regulations apply to all vessels in all State waters, including those within Port Adelaide, unless indicated otherwise.

The master or operator of a vessel proceeding along the course of a river or channel must keep the vessel Safety & Health Above All Else



as near to the outer limit of the river or channel which lies on its starboard side as is safe and practicable.

The master or operator of a vessel, which can safely navigate outside a channel, must not allow the vessel to hamper the safe passage of a vessel which can safely navigate only inside the channel.

The master or operator of a vessel engaged in fishing must not allow the vessel to impede the passage of any other vessel navigating within a channel.

The master or operator of a vessel must not, except in an emergency, anchor the vessel in a channel.

If a vessel is anchored in a channel in an emergency, the master or operator of the vessel must, as soon as practicable, move the vessel to the side of the channel. The VTS Centre must be advised on (08) 8447 0902.

The master or operator of a vessel navigating in a channel must only overtake another vessel if this can be done safely.

A person must not, except with the approval of Flinders Ports, cause or permit a cable, chain, hawser or rope to be placed across a channel.

As far as practicable, it is recommended that gangways are kept inboard until all fast on arrival and until clear of the berth on departure.

1.11.2 Anchor Restrictions

1.11.2.1 Thevenard Anchor Restrictions

The master or operator of a vessel must not cause or allow the vessel to be anchored or an anchor to be used in any of the following areas:

- Within the channel
- Within port limits without the permission of the Flinders Ports

1.11.3 Speed

1.11.3.1 Thevenard Speed Limit

The speed limit within the port limits is seven knots.

1.11.4 Thevenard Regulations Relating to Fishing Vessels and Pleasure Craft

All vessels other than commercial shipping conducting cargo operations, will be required to clear the jetty on both sides, prior to the mooring / unmooring of ships. This may be varied by the pilot attending. Typically, this rule applies to fishing vessels and pleasure craft.

To enable fishing vessels and pleasure craft skippers to ascertain when commercial shipping movements are to occur, a list is maintained and displayed in the window on the north side of the port of Thevenard office.

When a commercial vessel is berthed; any fishing vessel discharging cargo:

- should not impede the safe movement of the loader travelling along the jetty;
- keep within the yellow lines that are painted on the jetty to mark the clearance of the loader;
- vehicular access should be maintained at all times all along the jetty;
- during mooring/unmooring operations, no vehicular movement on the jetty, viz forklifts



which might impede the safety of the mooring gang operating the ships lines;

• all gear associated with the unloading should occupy up to 1/2 the jetty breadth on theside the vessel is moored.

1.12 Notifications

As a port authority, Flinders Ports will acknowledge a request to carry out certain activities e.g. Hot Work on a vessel via a "Notice". Such Notices can be requested by the ship's master through their agent asking for certain activities to be carried out on board the ship. These Notices are activity specific and act as a formal mechanism in identifying important provisions to be followed (& agreed to) in the interests of minimising safety risks to the vessel, its crew, other personnel and infrastructure.

Vessel agents are to complete the relevant Notice (which can be located on the Flinders Ports website) and fax it to Flinders Ports for acknowledgement.

No work is to commence until the signed copy is received by the Agent.

The required request forms to perform these certain functions can be located on the Flinders Ports Website.

- Hot Work Notice (pdf)
- Bunkering Notice (pdf)
- Fumigation Notice (In port or in transit) (pdf)
- Immobilisation of Engines Notice (pdf)
- Chipping and Painting Notice (pdf)
- Lifeboat Drill Notice (pdf)
- Diving Notice (pdf)

1.13 Miscellaneous

1.13.1 Environment

Emissions and discharges:

- Vessels must not emit smoke or vapour to the extent that it causes danger to any other person.
- No offensive material is to be discharged from a vessel directly or indirectly into waters or onto land in the port.

1.13.2 Ballast

A Port Management Officer may give the master or operator of a vessel in a port direction relating to any ballast water carried on the vessel, including directions:

- prohibiting the discharge of ballast water into port waters; or
- requiring ballast water to be discharged in specified waters or in a specified manner (including that it is treated in a specified manner prior to discharge); or
- requiring ballast water to be exchanged in specified waters; or
- as to the loading of ballast water.



1.13.3 Divers

The Master or Operator of a vessel that is more than 10m in length is to inform Flinders Ports and request permission to carry out diving activities.

Signal when Divers Working

- The master or operator of a vessel that is over 10 metres in length must, at all times while a diver is operating from the vessel, display in a conspicuous position on the vessel the International Code Flag A.
- The master or operator of a vessel that is 10 metres or less in length must, at all times while a diver is operating from the vessel, display in a conspicuous position on the vessel a rigid replica of International Code Flag A, at least 750 millimetres by 600 millimetres in size.
- A diver who is operating in a harbour independently of a vessel must ensure that a rigid replica of International Code Flag A, at least 300 millimetres by 200 millimetres in size, is displayed at all times, from a buoy or float which is moored within 30 metres of the diver or is attached to a line and towed by the diver.
- A diver must not operate in a harbour, independently of a vessel, in a dredged channel used by vessels.
- The master or operator of a vessel navigating in the vicinity of a vessel, float or buoy displaying an International Code Flag A or a replica of that flag, must navigate so as to avoid injury to the diver or interference with the vessel, float or buoy.
- Where this regulation requires an International Code Flag A or a replica to be displayed, the person who is required to display the flag or replica must ensure that it is illuminated during the hours of darkness.
- All vessels passing another vessel which is displaying a diving signal shall pass at a speed not exceeding 4 knots and keep well clear.

1.13.4 Dangerous Substances

Thevenard is not permitted to accept Dangerous Goods.

1.13.5 Port Security Levels

The "Security Level" of the port as determined by the Cyber & Infrastructure Security Centre (CISC) as well as other current information can be accessed from the Flinders Ports web site on www.flindersports.com.au.

It is the obligation of any port user that observes a breach of security to report it promptly to Flinders Ports on (08) 8447 0600.

1.13.6 Incident Reporting

The Master of a vessel has the responsibility to report any incidents via the VTSC on VHF Channel 16 or 12 or on phone (08) 8447 0902 that occurs on or near his/her vessel or a malfunction that can cause risk or damage to the vessel or port infrastructure.

Contact details and associated advice is documented in the "Notice to Masters of Ships" (FPFM 132) which is presented to Masters upon embarkation of the Pilot.



1.13.7 Visitor Safety

All visitors or organised groups intending to be on the wharf while a ship is alongside a berth must provide notice of their intention and inform the Port Manager at least 24 hours prior to the visit to ensure a comprehensive assessment is made to ensure safety of all personnel on site.